

Installation and Maintenance Guidelines

Thank you for choosing thisiswholesale.co.uk luxury flooring. Inspired by nature and designed for real life, with all the features you desire, this is the flooring you would love for years to come.

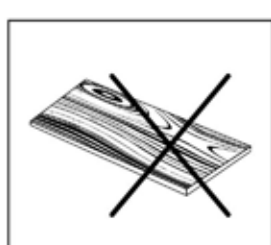
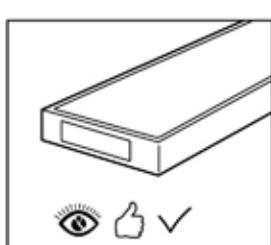
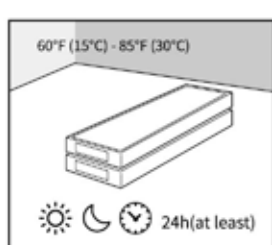
These instructions are written as a guide to be used by when installing thisiswholesale.co.uk flooring. This product is a SPC flooring with excellent durability, stability, acoustic and waterproof properties made for easier installation. It will not absorb, swell or be damaged by water when installed properly and under normal use. Damp mopping and topical spills cleaned up promptly will not harm the performance of the floor.

WARNING! DO NOT SAND, DRY SWEEP, DRY SCRAPE, DRILL, SAW, BEAD BLAST OR MECHANICALLY CHIP OR PULVERISE EXISTING RESILIENT FLOORING, BACKING, LINING FELT, ASPHALTIC "CUT BACK" ADHESIVES OR OTHER ADHESIVES.

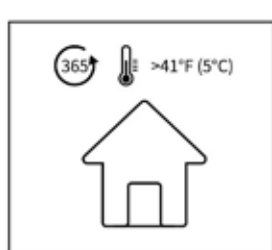
Please read all instructions before installing and should be followed for a satisfactory installation. Incorrect installation will invalidate and void warranty.

For more info, please refer to thisiswholesale.co.uk pro installation and maintenance guidelines brochure.

I . GENERAL INFORMATION



- Before installation, the floor covering should be installed in a climate controlled environment with an 60°F (15°C) and 85°F (30°C), 35%-70% RH.
- For installations involving 3 season scenarios, meaning, the dwelling or installed space is without climate control for extended periods during certain seasons of the year, make sure that the flooring is not exposed to temperatures less than 41°F (5°C) or greater than 95°F (35°C).
- Portable heaters are not recommended as they may not heat the room and subfloor sufficiently. Kerosene heaters should never be used.
- SPC Flooring can be heavy and bulky. Always use proper lifting techniques when handling these products. Whenever possible, make use of material-handling equipment such as dollies or material carts. Never lift more than you can safely handle.
- Prior to installation, inspect the flooring for damage before installing. If you have any concerns, please contact the supplier. Claims will not be accepted for flooring that has been cut to size and/or installed.
- Calculate the room surface prior to installation and prepare extra 5%-10% of flooring for cutting waste.
- It is preferable to lay boards following the direction of the main source of light. And to minimize shade variation, mix and install planks from several cartons at a time.
- The environment where the flooring is to be installed is critically important with regard to successful installation and continued performance of the flooring products. The flooring is intended to be installed in interior locations only. These interior locations must meet climatic and structural requirements as well.



- This product is also not to be installed in areas that have a risk of flooding such as saunas or outdoor areas.
- Although this product does not need acclimation, it would be better to place the flooring in the room where you will install it for a minimum of 24 hours.

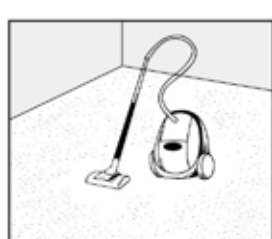
IMPORTANT NOTICE

Flooring may be installed with a direct glue-down method on approved wooden (or) concrete substrates that are on or above grade only. Use only premium pressure-sensitive vinyl flooring adhesive. Please consult with adhesive manufacturer to determine if suitable for use with this material. For glue down method follow adhesive manufacture installation instructions.

II . SUBFLOOR INFORMATION

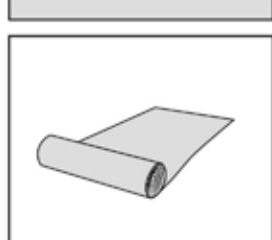
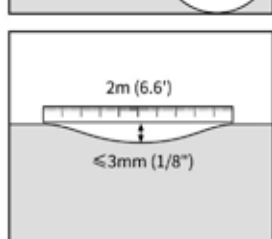
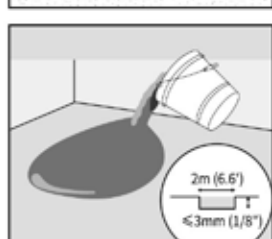
Careful and correct preparation of the subfloor is a major part of a successful installation.

After the subfloor conditions meeting the requirements, use a non-permeable moisture vapor barrier (max.thickness ≤ 0.1mm) on top of the subfloor. It is recommended to use professional moisture vapor barrier. And it is workable for flooring with or without the built-in underlay.



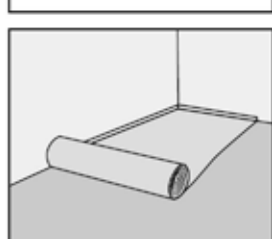
ALL SUB FLOORS MUST BE:

- **CLEAN**—All the subfloors must be clean and free from dirt or debris. Remove dirt, paint, varnish, wax, oils, solvents, any foreign matter and contaminants.
- **FLAT**—All subfloors must be flat to within 1/8" (3mm) in 6.6' (2m), or 3/16" (5mm) in a 10-foot radius (3m). And if the standard is not met, self-leveling treatment must be carried out.
- **DRY**—Substrates must be free from excessive moisture or alkali. Although this floor is waterproof, it is not aimed to be used as a moisture barrier. The subfloor must be dry. Moisture emission from subfloor cannot exceed 3 lbs. per 1,000 sq. ft. per 24 hours as measured with the calcium chloride test in accordance with ASTM F1869-04 or ASTM F2170 In-Site Relative Humidity not to exceed 70%.
- **STRUCTURALLY SOUND**—Nail or screw any loose areas that squeak. Replace any delaminated or damaged sub flooring or underlayment.
- Do not use products containing petroleum, solvents or citrus oils to prepare substrates as they can cause staining and expansion of the new flooring.
- Our warranties **Do NOT** cover any problems caused by inadequate substructures or improper installation of said substructures.

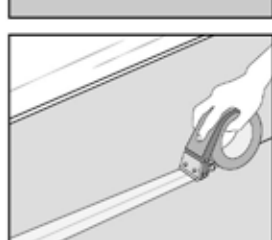


Install Moisture Vapor Barrier

Once the subfloor is inspected, and prepared, you are ready to start installing the moisture vapor barrier.



Always remember to clean the area of adhesion first to ensure that it is free from any dust, dirt, moisture, and frost—allowing maximum adhesion.



- Roll out the independent moisture vapor barrier to cover the entire surface area with extra 5cm around the edge. Make sure it is flat and even on the subfloor. The side without logo printing should face the subfloor.

- Tape the edges of the moisture barrier down to the subfloor and seal the vapor barrier seams. Always remember to clean the area of adhesion first to ensure that it is free from any dust, dirt, moisture, and frost—allowing maximum adhesion. Note: the vapor barrier should not overlap each other.
- To ensure the moisture barrier is fully secured, walk around the entire room and ensure every area is fully covered.

Don't forget to seal around all blackouts and pipe penetrations using the vapor barrier seam tape.

- **Do NOT** install over any type of carpet.
- **Do NOT** install over any existing cushion-backed vinyl flooring.
- **Do NOT** install over hardwood flooring / wood subfloors that lay directly on concrete or over dimensional lumber or plywood used over concrete.

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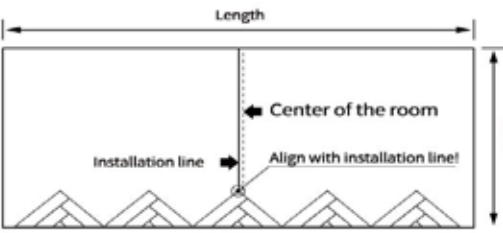
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III. INSTALLATION

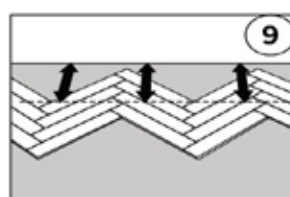
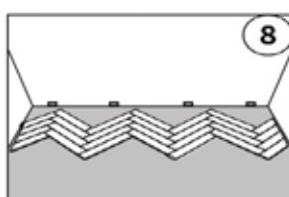
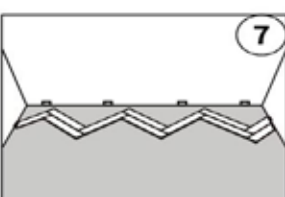
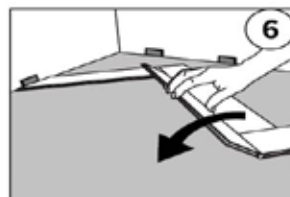
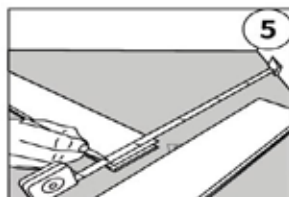
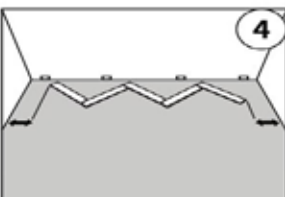
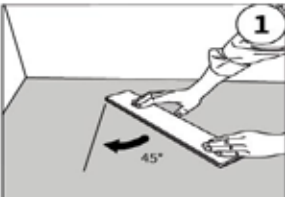


Tools Required: Pull Bar, Rubber Mallet, Tapping Block, Utility Knife, Pencil, Try Square, Tap Measure, 8-10mm Wedge Spacers.

Important: The flooring should be installed from several cartons at the same time to ensure proper color and shade mix.



Measure the center of the room. Calculate where to put the installation line. Draw the installation line on the subfloor and run the first set through it.



Step 1: Getting started.

Choose a wall to start at and begin installing at the left corner. Start with an A-panel and place it with its long side facing the left wall at an angle of 45°. Make sure that the distance between the left wall and the panel is less than the length of one panel.

Step 2: Continue with a B-panel.

Press the long side of the B-panel at an angle against the short side of the previous installed A-panel. Fold down the B-panel flat to the floor to lock the panels tightly together. Check that the grooves on the two panels form a continuous line.

Step 3: Connect additional panels.

Next panel is an A panel. Again, press the long side of the new A-panel at an angle against the short side of the previous B-panel and fold down. Continue like this with as many panels as may fit along the starting wall.

Step 4: Center the first row.

Check that the first row of panels is centered along the starting wall. Make sure that the distance to the walls on both sides are less than the length of one panel. If not, add a panel at the right side. Put in spacers between the flooring and the wall to ensure an expansion gap of 8-10mm.

Step 5: Cut the end panels to size.

Measure and cut the end panels to size using a finetoothed saw. Finish the first row with the cut end panels. Make sure that you leave a gap of 8-12mm to each wall.

Step 6: Start the second row.

Start the next row with an A-panel. Place the new panel against the previous row and fold down.

Step 7: Install the A and B panels.

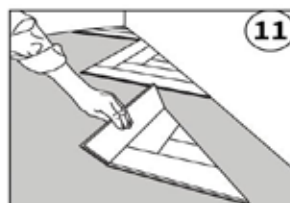
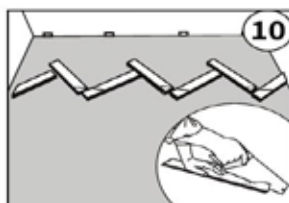
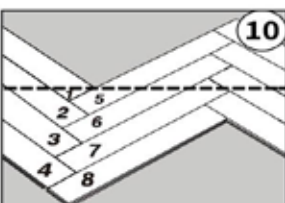
Continue from the left to right and install all the A-panels and work in the opposite direction, from the right to the left and install all the B-panels in the second row.

Step 8: Complete four rows.

Install additional rows to complete four full rows.

Step 9: Adjust the starting rows.

The first four rows have to be cut parallel to the wall. Measure and mark where to cut the floor panels at a fixed/parallel distance to the wall.

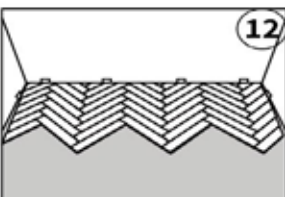


Step 10: Dismantle and cut.

Number the panels from 1 to.... This will allow you to keep the panels in order. Dismantle the panels and cut them to size along the previous marked line.

Step 11: Install the starting triangles.

Connect the cut starting panels to form triangular shapes, one by one. Start installing the triangles from the left corner. It is recommended to use glue to fix the smallest parts of the triangles into place by applying a small quantity of glue inside the groove.



Step 12: Subsequent rows.

Start each subsequent row by installing the A-panels from the left to the right and complete the row by laying the B-panels from the right to the left.

Step 13: Spacers and skirting.

Remove the spacers and cover the expansion gap with skirting boards or beadings.